



WEATHER FORECAST FOR TODAY—Moderate trades and fair weather. Last 24 hours' rainfall .03; temperature, max. 78, minimum, 71.

SUGAR—96° Centrifugal, 3.6875—Per Ton \$73.75. 88 Analysis Beets, 8s 9 1-2d. Parity with Centrifugals, \$77.80 Per Ton.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SATURDAY, APRIL 30, 1904.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

KALANIANA'OLE MAKES MANY STRONG FRIENDS FOR THIS TERRITORY

His Speech at Republican Feast Pronounced Modest and Logical.

Specimen Letters to Speaker and Representative Burton—Strong Presentation of Hawaii's Case.

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 18.—Delegate Kalaniana'ole attended a banquet of the Republican Congressional Committee at the Hotel Raleigh a few evenings ago and delivered a speech which made a very favorable impression for himself and the territory. Chairman Babcock, of that committee, had called the members thereof together for the purpose of discussing plans for the campaign. He thought this could best be done at a banquet, where everybody would be in good humor. Along in the evening, some of the members, who had been to Hawaii, including Representative Tawney, of Minn., sang a snatch of a Hawaiian song and that was the prelude for a request for a speech from the Delegate.

He talked about the islands, said that they did not aspire to statehood but because of the large payments they made to the federal Treasury, some \$100,000 monthly, were asking only for fair play in legislation from Congress. He likewise spoke of the progress the Hawaiians had made in civilization, praised Gov. Carter for the work he is doing as the head of the territorial government, and appealed forcibly to the members of the committee, as members of Congress, to help Hawaii out in her requests for federal legislation and for federal appropriations.

The speech was modest but logical and commanded careful attention. At the conclusion of the banquet the members gathered around the Delegate enthusiastically and promised that they would stand by him at the next session of Congress in helping the territory to necessary legislation.

During the winter the Delegate has had written and mailed to Senators and members of the House, mostly Republicans, over 400 individual letters explaining the needs of the territory and asking attention to pending bills. Instead of forwarding circular letters he has had most of these written to fit the case of

each individual addressed. In nearly every instance he has had something to say about the resources and industries of the islands, their importance to the government in various ways, and the net profits to the government in revenues. This campaign of education has been prosecuted constantly, although the Delegate has been aware that there was small prospect of legislation at this session of Congress. However, he hoped that the information he afforded Senators and members in this way would bear fruit in the next year or two, as different measures may be pressed for action.

In every case these letters have been acknowledged by the Senators and members by whom they were received and in many cases promises have been given to help the islands in every reasonable manner. The two following letters are given as examples of the many letters of this character which the Delegate has been writing:

Hon. Joseph G. Cannon, Speaker of House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir: As Delegate from the Territory of Hawaii, I desire to call your attention to the needs of the Territory, as indicated in the enclosed petition which has been presented and action thereon urged.

The entire country is vitally interested in trans-Pacific commerce, and the improvements petitioned for will insure to the benefit of the States equally, and possibly much more than to Hawaii.

I wish to urge upon you that these islands, isolated by two thousand miles of unbroken ocean, do not profit relatively with the mainland from ordinary Federal expenditures.

We have unusual local burdens in guarding the public health and policing the port of Honolulu from exposure due to the great trans-Pacific commerce touching at that point.

Kindly study the concise statistics presented, and please bear in mind that all proposed Army and Navy expenditures are a part of the great scheme of National defense, and only incidentally local.

For the year 1902-3, the imports to Hawaii were \$13,982,455.00, and exports, \$26,275,438.00; custom house receipts, \$1,000,000.00.

(Continued on page 2.)

電海報戰露日の朝今

●清國政府の苦心
北京四月廿日發 露國が遼河の西に軍律を布くべしとの風説は大に清廷を苦慮せしむ

●生存兵士を優待す
セント、ピーターズブルグ四月廿日發 沈没軍艦コラニツツ及びグアラフアの生存兵士を救ふに非常なる款仰を受けたる露帝親臨して彼等に勸解を賜へり

●金洲丸の續報
神戸四月三十日發 一帆船船露國の爲めに打沈められるたる金洲丸の乗込兵士五十名を救助せり

●兵糧の輸送
上海四月廿日發 遼陽に於ける露軍糧食の大部分はランハンチヤンに向け輸送中あり

JUDGES FREAR AND PERRY AND EITHER HARTWELL OR HATCH FOR JUSTICES

(Mail Special to the Advertiser.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 19.—No little interest is shown here by friends of Hawaii over the prospective appointments of judges for the Territory. Delegate Kalaniana'ole is expecting advices from the islands by an early mail regarding endorsements. It is understood here that Judges Frear and Perry will be endorsed for reappointment and that their reappointment is assured. As it is understood here the other judge will likely be either ex-Minister Hatch, now in town, or Judge Hartwell. Ex-Attorney General E. P. Dole, who is still in Washington, has dropped out of the race for one of the judgeships on the Supreme bench, but it is thought probable that he will be appointed to the judgeship at Kona on the island of Hawaii.

Ex-Queen Liliuokalani has not left Washington. Her claim for \$250,000 is hanging fire before the Senate but there is no prospect of its passing Congress at this session. A motion to reconsider the vote by which it was defeated in the Senate is still pending. De Knight and Boyd, the two attorneys who have a contract with the ex-Queen to secure the appropriation, are constantly around the Capitol, trying to secure further consideration, but the case seems hopeless. It may be that, before the session closes, if an auspicious time comes, the Senate will vote to reconsider the claim. But the chances of success are very slim. It was not even put on the appropriation bill this year by the Senate.

A patent has been granted to Edward G. Dulsenberg, of Hawaii, for an atomizer for liquid fuel.

Sensor Foraker has introduced a

bill to amend Section 55 of the Organic Act of the Territory. It is in the following language:

A bill to amend section fifty-five of an Act entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April thirtieth, nineteen hundred.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section fifty-five of an Act entitled "An Act to provide a government for the Territory of Hawaii," approved April thirtieth, nineteen hundred, be, and the same is hereby, amended to read as follows:

"LEGISLATIVE POWER.

"Sec. 55. That the legislative power of the Territory shall extend to all rightful subjects of legislation not inconsistent with the Constitution and laws of the United States locally applicable. The legislature, at its first regular session after the census enumeration shall be ascertained, and from time to time thereafter, shall reappoint the membership in the senate and house of representatives among the senatorial and representative districts on the basis of the population in each of said districts who are citizens of the Territory; but the legislature shall not grant to any corporation, association, or individual any exclusive privilege, immunity, or franchise without the approval of Congress; nor shall it grant private charters, but it may by general act permit persons to associate themselves together as bodies corporate for manufacturing, agricultural, and other industrial pursuits, and for conducting the business of insurance, savings banks, banks of discount and deposit (but not of issue), loan, trust, and guaranty associations, for the establishment and conduct of cemeteries, and for the construction and operation of railroads, wagon roads, vessels, and irrigating ditches, and the colonization and improvement of lands in connection therewith, or for colleges, seminaries, churches, libraries or any other beneficial purpose."

(Continued on page 2.)

SAVED FROM SEA PERILS

Schooner Arrives at Kobe With Fifty Rescued Japanese Soldiers.

China Worried by Russians—Korietz and Variag Survivors Welcomed by Czar—Russian Army Supplies Moved to New Base.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS CABLEGRAMS)

KOBE, April 30.—A schooner has rescued fifty soldiers from the Kinshu Maru which was sunk by the Vladivostok squadron.

The Kinshu Maru was one of the larger steamers of the Nippon Yusen Kaisha line which the Japanese government had impressed into its transport service.

RUSSIA MENACES CHINA.

PEKING, April 30.—China is worried over the report that Russia will enforce martial law west of the Liao river.

A NEW RUSSIAN BASE.

SHANGHAI, April 30.—The bulk of the Russian army supplies at Liaoyang are being conveyed to Feng-huang-Chang.

AFTERNOON REPORT.

VLADIVOSTOK, Siberia, April 29.—The Russian squadron has returned from its cruise in Korean waters.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia, April 29.—Japanese squadrons have been sighted off Port Arthur and Vladivostok.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia, April 29.—An official circular has been issued which declares that Russia will not accept mediation in its war with Japan. The Russians intend to prosecute the war till Japan is defeated.

TOKIO, Japan, April 29.—Reports received from the sinking of the Japanese transport Kinshu Maru state that many of the Japanese on board the ship suicided rather than surrender to the Russians.

PEKING, China, April 29.—The usual birthday celebration in honor of the Empress Dowager of China has been abandoned. The money usually devoted to this purpose has been appropriated for the equipment of 72,000 Chinese troops.

OPENING OF THE EXPOSITION.

ST. LOUIS, April 30.—Preparations are complete for the formal opening of the Exposition today. Many dignitaries have arrived. Secretary Taft will represent President Roosevelt.

ROYALTY AT THE RACES.

DUBLIN, April 30.—Their Majesties attended the Leopardstown races yesterday.

TESTA AND MEHEULA HAVE LOST THEIR RIGHT TO VOTE

The punishment meted out to F. J. Testa and to Solmon Meheula will mean something more to them than mere fines. Under the provisions of the Organic Act, both men, who have previously been quite active in politics, will be disfranchised from voting or holding office in the future, unless they can induce President Roosevelt to pardon them and restore their civil rights. Both of the above named men were convicted of offenses punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year.

Section 18 of the Organic Act says:—"No idiot or insane person, and no person who shall be expelled from the legislature for giving or receiving bribes or being accessory thereto, and no person who, in due course of law, shall have been convicted of any criminal offense punishable by imprisonment, whether with or without hard labor, for a term exceeding one year, whether with or without fine, shall register to vote or shall vote or hold any office in, or under, or by authority of the government, unless the person so convicted shall have been pardoned and restored to his civil rights."

The Organic Act also provides that the Governor "may grant pardons or reprieves for offenses against the laws of the said Territory and reprieves for offenses against the laws of the United States until the decision of the President is made known thereon."

HON. W. A. RODENBERG WEDS MISS RIDGEWAY

When Hon. W. A. Rodenberg was here as a Civil Service Commissioner he met Miss Mary Ridgeway, a teacher at Punahou, whose brother, J. Castle Ridgeway, is a well-known resident of Hilo. Last year Miss Ridgeway resigned her place here and went to teach art in Washington, where Representative Rodenberg met her again. The sequel appears in this special dispatch from the Advertiser's Washington correspondent:

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Gazette, Honolulu: Representative Rodenberg weds Mary Ridgeway of Hilo here. Romance. ERNEST G. WALKER.

The wedding took place at Asbury Park, N. J., whither Mr. Albert Ridgeway, formerly of this city, went several days ago.

William A. Rodenberg, Republican, of East St. Louis, was born near Chester, Randolph County, Ill., October 30, 1865; was educated in the public schools and was graduated from Central Wesleyan College, Warrenton, Mo., in the spring of 1884; engaged in the profession of teaching for seven years; attended the St. Louis Law School, and was admitted to the bar; was a delegate to the Republican national convention of 1896 at St. Louis; was elected to the Fifty-sixth Congress, receiving 20,461 votes, to 19,956 for Frederick J. Kern, Democrat, 466 for William F. Quellmalz, Populist, 433 for John T. Nixon, Prohibitionist, and 340 for Gustav Surber, Socialist Labor.



DELEGATE KALANIANA'OLE.